### **NEW WINDSOR SCHOOL**

#### **ANNUAL REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Ministry Number: 1390

Principal: Lisa Harland

School Address: 185 New Windsor Road, New Windsor, Auckland 0600

School Postal Address: 185 New Windsor Road, New Windsor, Auckland 0600

**School Phone:** 09-628-8001

School Email: Iharland@newwindsor.school.nz

Accountant / Service Provider: Edtech Financial Services Ltd



#### **New Windsor School**

### **Members of the Board**

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Name	Position	How position on Board gained	Term expired/expires
Jo Morgan	Member	Elected	2025
Lisa Harland	Principal	Ex-officio	
Ashley Quensell	Presiding Member	Elected	2025
Selah Hart	Member	Elected	2025
Scott Leman	Member	Elected	2025
Tavake Singh	Member	Elected	2025
Phonderly Siohane	Staff Rep	Elected	2025
Paul Toilalo	Member	Elected	2025
Owen Gordon	Member	Elected	2025
Bryce Jones	Parent Rep	Elected	May 2022
Megan McGrath	Parent Rep	Elected	May 2022
Michelle Goodman-Fleming	Secretary		

### **NEW WINDSOR SCHOOL**

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2022

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### **New Windsor School**

### **Statement of Responsibility**

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2022 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Ashley Quensell	usa Harrand
Full Name of Presiding Member	Full Name of Principal
Signature of Presiding Member	Signature of Principal
17/10/2023	17/10/2023
Date:	Date:

# **New Windsor School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense**

For the year ended 31 December 2022

<del></del>		2022	2022	2021
	Notes	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Revenue	5-5-5-			
Government Grants	2	4,248,077	4,543,804	4,216,109
Locally Raised Funds	3	359,383	94,100	120,771
Interest Income		7,575	4,500	1,841
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		7#	<b>:=</b>	75
Total Revenue	1	4,615,035	4,642,404	4,338,796
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	91,236	30,000	27,019
Learning Resources	4	2,685,738	2,820,400	2,712,738
Administration	5	293,706	236,427	271,127
Finance		1,572	1,500	1,659
Property	6	1,158,059	1,575,500	1,060,692
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		8,086	-	8,823
	-	4,238,397	4,663,827	4,082,058
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		376,638	(21,423)	256,738
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		£	122	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	-	376,638	(21,423)	256,738

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

### New Windsor School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited)	2021 Actual \$		
		Ψ	Ψ			
Equity at 1 January	-	1,232,311	1,240,850	966,786		
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contributions from the Ministry of Education		376,638	(21,423)	256,738		
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		-	-	8,787		
Equity at 31 December	=	1,608,949	1,219,427	1,232,311		
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		1,608,949	1,219,427	1,232,311		
Reserves		Ę	<u>~</u>	***		
Equity at 31 December	-	1,608,949	1,219,427	1,232,311		

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

# **New Windsor School Statement of Financial Position**

As at 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022	2022	2021
		NOTES ACTUST	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual \$
		\$	\$	
Current Assets			31.0	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	140,580	491,571	516,296
Accounts Receivable	8	224,558	201,000	243,301
GST Receivable		33,052	14,100	13,654
Prepayments		16,673	14,500	14,032
Investments	9	336,353	3 <del>#</del> 2	:=:
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	16	127,962	68,500	69,355
	-	879,178	789,671	856,638
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	11	308,686	280,950	281,642
Revenue Received in Advance	12	12,118	8,300	37,740
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	13	₹	20,200	20,177
Finance Lease Liability	14	16,249	5,880	11,994
Funds held in Trust	15	2,655	-	0#6
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	16	21,199	•	16,759
	~	360,907	315,330	368,312
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		518,271	474,341	488,326
Non-current Assets				
Capital Works in Progress		42,870	·*	( <del>-</del>
Property, Plant and Equipment	10 _	1,179,923	792,552	797,781
		1,222,793	792,552	797,781
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	13	100,877	45,000	45,450
Finance Lease Liability	14	31,238	2,466	8,346
	,-	132,115	47,466	53,796
Net Assets	:- :=	1,608,949	1,219,427	1,232,311
	_			
Equity	n=	1,608,949	1,219,427	1,232,311
	37			

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



# **New Windsor School Statement of Cash Flows**

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022	2022	2021
		Actual	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
		\$		
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		1,270,309	943,804	1,030,326
Locally Raised Funds		341,965	85,884	128,805
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(19,398)	(446)	25,213
Payments to Employees		(490,489)	(460,064)	(504,378)
Payments to Suppliers		(566,757)	(489,879)	(731,705)
Interest Paid		(1,572)	(1,500)	(1,659)
Interest Received		5,909	4,500	1,845
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities	į	539,967	82,299	(51,553)
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from Sale of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles	<b>;</b> )	-	•:	(7,787)
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(503,377)	(99,770)	(109,531)
Purchase of Investments		(336,353)	-	330,985
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities	į	(839,730)	(99,770)	213,667
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		2	<b>2</b> 4	8,787
Finance Lease Payments		(16,401)	(11,994)	(14,897)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties		(59,552)	4,740	(16,712)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities	ä	(75,953)	(7,254)	(22,822)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	9	(375,716)	(24,725)	139,292
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	516,296	516,296	377,004
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	140,580	491,571	516,296

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### 1. Statement of Accounting Policies

#### a) Reporting Entity

New Windsor School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

#### b) Basis of Preparation

#### Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

#### Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

#### Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

#### PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

#### Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

#### **Presentation Currency**

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

#### Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

#### Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

#### Cyclical maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 12.

#### Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 9.



For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

#### Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 13. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 20b.

#### Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

#### c) Revenue Recognition

#### Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives.

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

#### Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

#### Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

#### Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

#### d) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.



For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

#### f) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

#### g) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

#### h) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

#### Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lease substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

#### Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:
Building improvements
Furniture and equipment
Information and communication technology
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease
Library resources

20-40 years 5-10 years 5 years Term of Lease 12.5% Diminishing value



For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### i) Impairment of Property, Plant, and Equipment and Intangible Assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

#### Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

#### j) Accounts Payable

Accounts payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### k) Employee Entitlements

#### Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

#### Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

#### I) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to revenue where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of uneamed fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

#### m) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

#### n) Funds held for Capital works

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose as such these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.



For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### o) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The school carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period, the economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

#### p) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable and finance lease liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

#### g) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

#### r) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

#### s) Services Received In-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### 2. Government Grants

	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	1,218,128	943,804	1,046,790
Teachers' Salaries Grants	2,175,415	2,300,000	2,313,844
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	854,534	1,300,000	855,475
	4,248,077	4,543,804	4,216,109

The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$60,300.

#### 3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations & Bequests	13,485	2,000	28,775
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	68,778	57,700	36,132
Trading	17,655	29,400	17,848
Fundraising & Community Grants	226,572	5,000	13,545
Other Revenue	32,893	<b>(B)</b>	24,471
	359,383	94,100	120,771
Expenses			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	48,669	15,000	4,072
Trading	20,791	14,000	20,919
Fundraising and Community Grant Costs	21,776	1,000	2,028
	91,236	30,000	27,019
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally raised funds	268,147	64,100	93,752

#### 4. Learning Resources

	2022 Actual	2022 Budget (Unaudited)	2021 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	57,587	81,600	44,006
Information and Communication Technology	48,594	48,000	40,213
Library Resources	115	2,000	949
Employee Benefits - Salaries	2,455,712	2,546,800	2,534,545
Staff Development	9,903	37,000	12,282
Depreciation	113,827	105,000	80,743
	2,685,738	2,820,400	2,712,738



For the year ended 31 December 2022

5. Administration			
	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	, \$
Audit Fee	7,772	7,777	7,545
Board Fees	3,622	4,200	5,005
Board Expenses	18,685	14,000	11,443
Communication	7,352	8,000	16,822
Consumables	19,032	13,000	13,850
Legal Fees	2,174	*	24,779
Other	25,184	22,350	24,633
Employee Benefits - Salaries	183,281	151,500	149,458
Insurance	7,677	8,000	7,592
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	18,927	7,600	10,000
	293,706	236,427	271,127
6. Property	293,706	236,427	271,127
6. Property	293,706	236,427	271,127 2021
6. Property			
6. Property	2022	2022 Budget	2021
6. Property  Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	2022 Actual	2022 Budget (Unaudited)	2021 Actual
	2022 Actual	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	2022 Actual \$ 14,080	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 15,000	2021 Actual \$ 17,262
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables Consultancy and Contract Services	2022 Actual \$ 14,080 55,207	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 15,000 50,000	2021 Actual \$ 17,262 48,188
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Provision	2022 Actual \$ 14,080 55,207 84,442	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 15,000 50,000 27,000	2021 Actual \$ 17,262 48,188 (39,429)
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds	2022 Actual \$ 14,080 55,207 84,442 4,431	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 15,000 50,000 27,000 12,000	2021 Actual \$ 17,262 48,188 (39,429) 23,654
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water	2022 Actual \$ 14,080 55,207 84,442 4,431 55,895	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 15,000 50,000 27,000 12,000 71,000	2021 Actual \$ 17,262 48,188 (39,429) 23,654 59,241
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water Repairs and Maintenance	2022 Actual \$ 14,080 55,207 84,442 4,431 55,895 29,530	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 15,000 50,000 27,000 12,000 71,000 30,000	2021 Actual \$ 17,262 48,188 (39,429) 23,654 59,241 26,432

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

1,158,059

1,575,500

1,060,692

For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### 7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Bank Accounts	140,580	161,571	183,734
Short-term Bank Deposits	±9	330,000	332,562
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	140,580	491,571	516,296

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the \$140,580 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$21,199 is held by the School on behalf of the Ministry of Education. These funds have been provided by the Ministry as part of the school's 5 Year Agreement funding for upgrades to the school's buildings. The funds are required to be spent in 2023 on Crown owned school buildings.

#### 8. Accounts Receivable

	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	20,239	30,500	37,591
Allowance for impairment of receivables	(3,841)	<del>-</del> 8	·=:
Interest Receivable	2,071	500	405
Banking Staffing Underuse	24,707	907	37,825
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	181,382	170,000	167,480
	224,558	201,000	243,301
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	18,469	31,000	37,996
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	206,089	170,000	205,305
	224,558	201,000	243,301
	224,558	201,000	243,30

#### 9. Investments

The School's investment activities are classified as follows:			
	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Current Asset	\$	\$	\$
Short-term Bank Deposits	336,353	3,50	
Total Investments	336,353		



For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### 10. Property, Plant and Equipment

11. Accounts Payable

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

2022	Opening Balance (NBV) <b>\$</b>	Additions \$	Disposals	Adjustments \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV) \$
Buildings	519,410	241,922		(3,755)	(32,731)	724,846
Fumiture and Equipment	200,250	85,640		(8,469)	(37,940)	239,481
Information and Communication Technology	15,813	131,735		12,224	(20,468)	139,304
Leased Assets	33,530	43,547	(7,408)		(19,024)	50,645
Library Resources	28,778	1,211	(678)		(3,664)	25,647
Balance at 31 December 2022	797,781	504,055	(8,086)	·	(113,827)	1,179,923

The net carrying value of computer equipment held under a finance lease is \$50,645 (2021: \$33,530).

	2022	2022	2022	2021	2021	2021
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Buildings	1,315,385	(590,539)	724,846	1,077,219	(557,809)	519,410
Furniture and Equipment	651,960	(412,479)	239,481	545,710	(345,460)	200,250
Information and Communication Technology	290,935	(151,631)	139,304	159,087	(143,274)	15,813
Leased Assets	62,661	(12,016)	50,645	63,800	(30,270)	33,530
Library Resources	109,242	(83,595)	25,647	110,637	(81,859)	28,778
Balance at 31 December	2,430,183	(1,250,260)	1,179 <u>,</u> 923	1,956,453	(1,158,672)	797,781

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	22,979	80,350	85,910
Accruals	40,993	7,800	8,993
Banking Staffing Overuse	-	-	
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	207,651	170,000	166,123
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	37,063	22,800	20,616
	308,686	280,950	281,642
	W		
Payables for Exchange Transactions	308,686	280,950	281,642

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280,950

308,686

281,642

For the year ended 31 December 2022

12. Revenue Received in Advance			
	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Other revenue in Advance	12,118	8,300	37,740
	12,118	8,300	37,740
13. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance			
	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	65,627	65,627	202,596
Increase to the Provision During the Year	84,442	27,000	(39,429)
Use of the Provision During the Year	(49,192)	(27,427)	(97,540)
Provision at the End of the Year	100,877	65,200	65,627
Cyclical Maintenance - Current		20,200	20,177
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	100,877	45,000	45,450
	100,877	65,200	65,627

The schools cyclical maintenance schedule details annual painting to be undertaken, the costs associated to this annual work will vary dependent on the requirements during the year. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan.

#### 14. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	17,774	5,880	12,420
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	37,046	2,466	8,467
Future Finance Charges	(7,333)		(547)
	47,487	8,346	20,340
Represented by Finance lease liability - Current	16.249	5.880	11,994
Finance lease liability - Non current	31,238	2,466	8,346
	47,487	8,346	20,340

For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### 15. Funds Held in Trust

	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Funds Held in Trust on Behalf of Third Parties - Current	2,655	-	¥
	2,655		

These funds relate to arrangements where the school is acting as an agent. These amounts are not revenue or expense of the school and therefore are not included in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

#### 16. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 7.

	2022	Opening Balances	Receipts from MoE	Payments	Board Contributions	Closing Balances
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Classroom Upgrade Patriot		(19,657)	<b>₩</b>	¥		(19,657)
Classroom Upgrade Shakthi		(49,698)	3#0	(53,845)		(103,543)
Astroturf		16,759	<del>(2</del> 5)	(16,759)		
Block 12 Rm1-5 Shade Cover - Income		1577	21,199			21,199
Partial Joinery replacement - Expenses			79,200	(83,962)		(4,762)
Totals		(52,596)	100,399	(154,566)		(106,763)

#### Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education 21,199 (127,962)

	2021	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
Classroom Upgrade Patriot		(10,907)		(10,500)	1,750	(19,657)
Rooms 23-26 Refurb		(2,000)	<b>企</b>	-	2,000	·
Permanent Outdoor Structure		33,471	( <del>-</del> 6)	(35,014)	1,543	960
Classroom Upgrade Shakthi		19 <del>#</del> 0	484,128	(533,826)	-	(49,698)
Astroturf			59,518	(42,759)		16,759
Totals		20,564	543,646	(622,099)	5,293	(52,596)

#### Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education 16,759 (69,355)



For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### 17. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.



For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### 18. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2022 Actual \$	2021 Actual \$
Board Members		
Remuneration	3,622	5,005
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	519,580	486, 866
Full-time equivalent members	4	4
Total key management personnel remuneration	523,202	491,871

There are 8 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board had held 8 full meetings of the Board in the year. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

#### Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2022	2021
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	180 - 190	170 - 180
Benefits and Other Emoluments	4 - 5	4 - 5
Termination Benefits	£	)/ <del>12</del> 5

#### Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration \$000	2022 FTE Number	2021 FTE Number
100 - 110	2	3
110 - 120	2	*
	4	3

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.



For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### 19. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2022	2021
	Actual	Actual
Total	\$10,763	\$15,000
Number of People	1	1

#### 20. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2022 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2021: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - Schools Payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2022, a contingent liability for the school may exist.

#### 21. Commitments

#### (a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has entered into contract agreements for capital works as follows:

- (a) \$100,000 contract for Tiger Turf to be completed in 2023, which will be fully funded by the Board. \$29,970 has been spent on the project to date; and
- (b) \$16,700 contract for Swimming Pool Front Design project to be completed in 2023, which will be fully funded by the Board. \$8,350 has been spent on the project to date.

(Capital commitments at 31 December 2021: nil)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### 22. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

#### Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	140,580	491,571	516,296
Receivables	224,558	201,000	243,301
Investments - Term Deposits	336,353	-	-
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	701.491	692.571	759,597
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	308,686	280,950	281,642
Finance Leases	47,487	8,346	20,340
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	356,173	289,296	301,982

#### 23. Events After Balance Date

During February 2023 the North Island of New Zealand was struck by several extreme weather events which resulted in widespread flooding, road closures, slips, and prolonged power and water outages for many communities in the Northland, Auckland, Coromandel, Bay of Plenty, Gisbome, and Hawkes Bay/Tairāwhiti regions.

While many schools were able to reopen soon after the extreme weather events, some schools have remained closed for a prolonged period.

The damage caused by extreme weather events in the Auckland region and the full financial impact has not yet been determined, but it is not expected to be significant to the school. The school continued to receive funding from the Ministry of Education, even while closed.

#### 24. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### TO THE READERS OF NEW WINDSOR'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The Auditor-General is the auditor of New Windsor (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Matt Laing, using the staff and resources of Deloitte Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 20, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
  - o its financial position as at 31 December 2022 and
  - o its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Sector –
   Public Benefit Entity Standards, Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 17 October 2023. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

#### Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.

The Board is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities, in terms of the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020, arise from section 87 of the Education Act 1989

#### Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

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We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the school payroll system, which may still
contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from
the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial
statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

#### Other information

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information including List of Board of Trustees, Statement of Responsibility, Analysis of Variance Report and KiwiSport Report, Statement of Compliance with Good Employer Policybut does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

**Matt Laing** 

Partner for Deloitte Limited On behalf of the Auditor-General Hamilton, New Zealand